

# The Chronic Argonauts by H.G.Wells 

## Prologue.

'The Time Machine' by H. G. Wells, as we know it today, was first published by Heinemann at the end of May 1895. However, this classic story has a very interesting history behind it. For three different drafts of it were published prior to the Heinemann edition.

Two of these earlier drafts appeared serially: the first in seven installments in the National Observer between March and June 1894; the other, in five installments in the New Review between January and June 1895. An American edition was published as a complete story by Henry Holt at the beginning of May 1895, hence antedating the definitive Heinemann edition

The Holt and National Observer 'Time Machine' are very similar; the latter may still be read in its entirety in 'Early Writings in Science and Science Fiction by H. G. Wells' (edited by R. Philmus and D. Y. Hughes)

The New Review and Heinemann 'Time Machine' also resemble each other, except that the opening paragraphs of the first chapter, together with a whole scene of the former are dropped for the latter; but may still be read in the aforementioned book by Philmus and Hughes.

In 1888, however, two years after inaugurating the 'Science Schools Journal' (changed to 'The Phoenix' in 1904) H. G. Wells
published the first version of 'The Time Machine' under the title 'The Chronic Argonauts'. This story has never been reprinted; indeed, Mr Wells, scorning the base degrees by which he did ascend, purchased all the back numbers of the Journal containing his work then in stock and destroyed them. Fortunately, he did not lay his hands on the copies which are now in the possession of Imperial College Archives and contain all of his nine contributions. The Chronic Argonauts, as previously outlined, was eventaully published as The Time Machine; the other eight contributions, typified by 'The Lay of the Sausage Machine', were, and probably never will be reprinted in any form.
'The Chronic Argonauts' was originally published in three parts (incidentally, not submitted as a whole, but for each issue, thus leaving even the editorial staff with cliffhangers) in 1888, it is now reprinted for the first time in its entirety, with illustrations by Paul Williams.

It is hoped that you will find it stimulating; it is certainly completely different to any previously published version of 'The Time Machine' and in many ways resembles 'The Invisible Man' (published in 1897) in its descriptions of village life. So, now read on......
S.J.Marshall

# Part I. The story from an exoteric point of view. 

## Being the account of Dr.Nebogipfel's sojourn in Llyddwdd.

About half-a-mile outside the village o Llyddwdd, by the road that goes up over the eastern flank of the mountain called Pen-y-pwll to Rwstog, is a large farm-building known as the Manse. It derives this title from the fact that it was at one time the residence of the minister of the Calvinistic Methodists. It is a quaint, low, irregular erection, lying back some hundred yards from the roadway, and now fast passing into a ruinous state.

Since its construction in the latter half of the last century this house has undergone many changes of fortune, having been abandoned long since by the farmer of the surrounding acres for less pretentious and more commodious head-quarters. Among others Miss Carnot, "the Gallic Sappho" at one time made it her home, and later on an old man named Williams became its occupier. The foul murder of this tenant by his two sons was the cause of its remaining for some considerable period uninhabited; with the inevitable consequence of its undergoing very extensive dilapidation.

The house had got a bad name, and adolescent man and Nature combined to bring swift desolation upon it. The fear of the Williamses which kept the

Llyddwdd lads from gratifying their propensity to invade its deserted interior, manifested itself in unusually destructive resentment against its external breakables. The missiles with which they at once confessed and defied their spiritual dread, left scarcely a splinter of glass, and only battered relics of the old-fashioned leaden frames, in its narrow windows; while numberless shattered tiles about the house, and four or five black apertures yawning between naked rafters in the roof also witnessed vividly to the energy of their trajection. Rain and wind thus had free way to enter the empty rooms and work their will there, old Time aiding and abetting. Alternately soaked and dessicated, the planks of flooring and wainscot warped apart strangely split here and there, and tore themselves away in paroxysms of rheumatic pain from the rust-devoured nails that had once held them firm. The plaster of walls and ceiling growing green-black with a rainfed crust of lowly life, parted slowly from the fermenting laths; and large concussion and clatter gave strength to the popular superstition that old Williams and his sons were fated to continually re-enact their fearful tragedy until the final judgment. White
roses and daedal creepers, that Miss Carnot had first adorned the walls with, spread now luxuriantly over the lichen-filmed tiles of the roof, and in slender graceful sprays timidly invaded the ghostly cobweb-draped apartments. Fungi, sickly pale, began to displace and uplift the bricks in the cellar floor: while on the rotting wood everywhere they clustered, in all the glory of purple and mottled crimson, yellow-brown and hepatite. Wood-lice and ants, beetles and moths, winged and creeping things innumerable, found each day a more congenial home among the ruins; and after them in ever increasing multitudes swarmed the blotchy toads. Swallows and martins built every year more thickly in the silent, airy, upper chambers. Bats and owls struggled for the crepuscular corners of lower rooms. Thus, in the Spring of the year eighteen hundred and eighty-seven was Nature taking over, gradually but certainly, the tenancy of the old Manse. "The house was falling into decay," as men who do not appreciate the application of human derelicts to other beings use would say, "surely and swiftly". But it was destined nevertheless to shelter another human tenant before its final dissolution.

There was no intelligence of the advent of a new inhabitant in quiet Llyddwdd. He came without a solitary premonition out of the vast unknown into the sphere of minute village observation and gossip. He fell into the Llyddwdd world, as it were, like a thunderbolt falling in the daytime. Suddenly, and out of nothingness, he was. Rumour, indeed, vaguely averred that he was seen to arrive by a certain train from London, and to walk straight without hesitation to the old Manse, giving neither explanatory word nor sign to mortal as to his purpose there: but then the same fertile source of information also hinted that he was first beheld skimming down the slopes of steep Pen-y-pwll with exceeding swiftness, riding, as it appeared to the intelligent observer, upon an instrument not unlike a sieve and that he entered the house by the chimney. Of these conflicting reports, the former was the first to be generally circulated, but the latter, in view of the bizarre presence and eccentric ways of the newest inhabitant, obtained wider credence. By whatever means he arrived, there can be no doubt that he was in, and in possession of the Manse, on the first of May: because on the morning of that


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| vigorously than before. Their | d to prevent a perample nevertheless slackening operceptible breakeking was reacheded hew whold crown che ame to

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hesit hesitating faces: and a among the children. "Well," said Her Price Williams, addr,"ssaid ar modest discipineship, "assumpto do we
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. side was sititing a tall, man, clad in
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to the mute gasp of heart stopping
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quie polished plaltitarm companion andore
had vanished before their eyes!

How an esoteric story became possible.


"The author...found him lying insensible among the reeds....."

## Part II

The esoteric story based on the clergyman's depositions.
The Anachronic Man.



