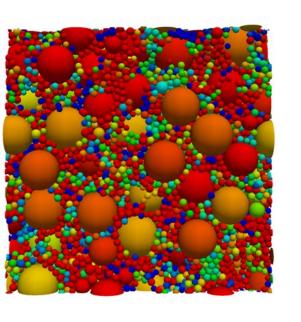
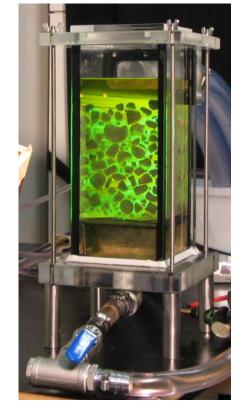
- Collaboration between Imperial College London and The University of Sheffield
- Overall aim is to understand the particle scale mechanisms underlying internal instability
- Imperial College London: Discrete Element Method (DEM) simulations
- University of Sheffield: Permeameter tests on transparent soil

Imperial College London









Project Team

Imperial College London

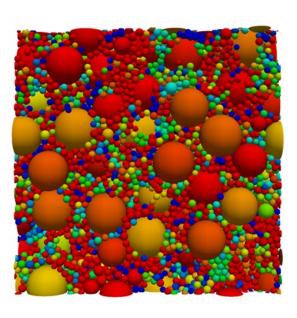
Dr. Catherine O'Sullivan, Dr. Adnan Sufian, Dr. Ed Smith

+ Dr. Tom Shire (now moved to University of Glasgow)

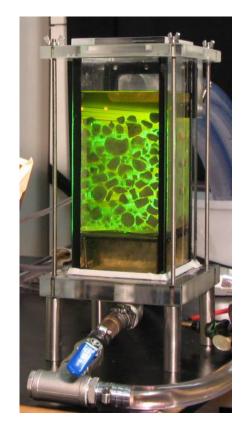
University of Sheffield

Dr. Lis Bowman, Dr. Jonathan Black, Dr. Nicoletta Sanvitale, Mr. Fahed Gaber







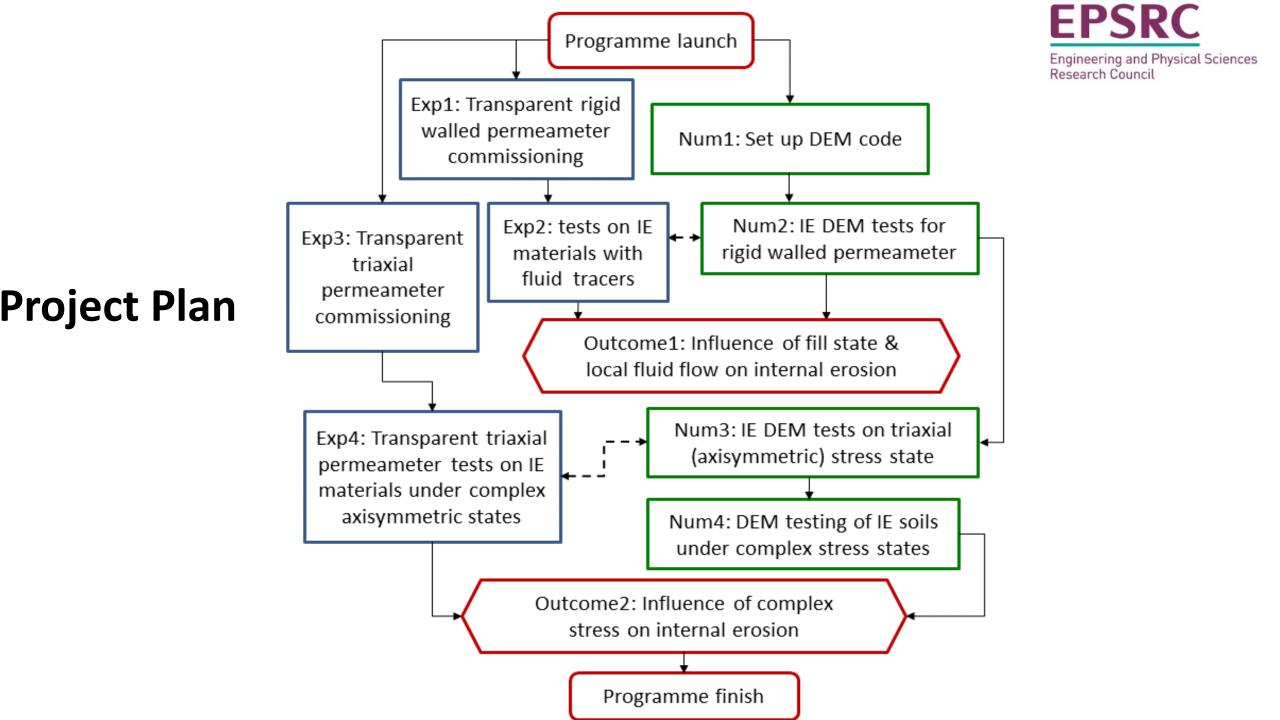






Research Objectives

- 1. To clarify the conditions under which seepage induced instability initiates, continues and progresses to a condition where there are significant implications for engineering performance.
- 2. To establish how the stress state, and in particular the principal stress orientations relative to the seepage direction, influences the initiation of instability.
- 3. To clarify whether there is a fundamental basis to support a recent proposal to use seepage velocity rather than hydraulic gradient as a design criterion.





11:45 Dr. Elisabeth Bowman (Univeristy of Sheffield) - Transparent Soil and Internal Erosion

12:10 Dr. Tom Shire (University of Glasgow) "Micro-scale Modelling of Internally Unstable Soils"

12:35 Dr. Adnan Sufian (Imperial College) : "Insights into fluid flow, water retention and deformation using pore-scale characterisation of granular materials"

12:45 Dr. Ed Smith (Imperial College) "Linking Computational Fluid Dynamics and the Discrete Element Method for Large Scale Simulations"

12:50 Chris Knight (Imperial College) "Pore scale modelling of fluid flow in dense grain packings with the Immersed Boundary Method"